SAFETY DATA SHEETS

This SDS packet was issued with item:

070484709

N/A

Material Safety Data Sheet

AQUA CARE - Spray

1. Product and company identification

Product name

: AQUA CARE - Spray

Supplier/Manufacturer

: BIEN-AIR Dental SA Länggasse 60 CH-2504 Bienne 6 Tel +41 32 344 64 64 Fax +4132 344 64 91 office@bienair.com www.bienair.com

Material uses

: Zleaner.

Validation date

: 03.04.2012.

Responsible name e-mail address of person

: Chemical Check GmbH

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : info@chemical-check.de; k.schnurbusch@chemical-check.de

In case of emergency

: Tel +41 32 344 64 64

Product type

: Aerosol.

2. Hazards identification

Emergency overview

Color

: Colorless.

Physical state

: Liquid. [Aerosol.]

Odor

: Fresh

Signal word

: WARNING!

Hazard statements

FLAMMABLE. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT AND EYE IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION. PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT MAY DRY SKIN AND CAUSE IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

Mammable aerosol. Severely irritating to eyes. Irritating to respiratory system, Slightly irritating to the skin. Defatting to the skin. Do not get in eyes. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Contains material that may cause target organ damage, based on animal data. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

OSHA/HCS status

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Routes of entry

: Dermal contact, Eye contact, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation

: Irritating to respiratory system.

Ingestion

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin

Slightly irritating to the skin.

Eves

Severely irritating to eyes. Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic effects

Contains material that may cause target organ damage, based on animal data.
 Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity
Mutagenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.
No known significant effects or critical hazards.
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity
Developmental effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects Target organs

Øontains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, the nervous system, the reproductive system, liver, upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes, central

nervous system (CNS).

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Ingestion

: No specific data.

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2. Hazards identification

Skin : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

Eyes : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Medical conditions aggravated by over-

er-

: Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

exposure

See toxicological information (section 11)

3. Composition/information on ingredients

 Name
 CAS number
 %

 Methane, 1.1'-oxybis 115-10-6
 10-30

 Ethanol
 64-17-5
 10-30

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First aid measures

Eye contact : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical

attention immediately.

Skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes

while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean

shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation : Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if

respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention

immediately.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical

personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical

attention immediately.

Protection of first-aiders : Wo action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to

give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Notes to physician : No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist

immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product : Flammable aerosol. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the

container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire

at high speed. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Extinguishing media

Suitable : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Not suitable : None known

Special exposure hazards : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if

there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray

to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide Toxic gases

5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods for cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

Storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient	Exposure limits	
Methane, 1,1'-oxybis-	AIHA WEEL (United States, 5/2010).	
·	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s).	
Ethanoi	ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010).	
	STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minute(s).	
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).	
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s).	
	TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s).	
	NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009).	
	TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hour(s).	
	TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 10 hour(s).	
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).	
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s).	
}	TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s).	

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8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Recommended monitoring

procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

Engineering measures

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal protection

Respiratory

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Hands

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is

necessary.

Eyes

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or

Skin

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling

Environmental exposure

controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid. [Aerosol.]

: Closed cup: Not applicable. Flash point

Color : Colorless. Odor : Fresh

Vapor pressure : 470 to 570 kPa (3525 to 4275 mm Hg)

Solubility : Soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

Conditions to avoid

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Store and use away from heat,

sparks, open flame or any other ignition source.

Materials to avoid

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

Hazardous decomposition

products

; Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Toxicological information 11.

Potential acute health effects

: Irritating to respiratory system. Inhalation

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion

Severely irritating to eyes. Risk of serious damage to eyes. Eyes

: Slightly irritating to the skin. Skin

Acute toxicity

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11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result S	pecies	Dose E	xposure	
Methane, 1,1'-oxybis-	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	309 g/m3	4 hours	
·	Vapor LC50 Inhalation	Rat	164000 ppm	4 hours	
Ethanol	Gas. LD50 Intra-	Rat	11 mg/kg	-	
	arterial LD50	Rat	3600 ug/kg	_	
	Intraperitoneal				
	LD50 Intravenous		1440 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	•	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15010 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7060 mg/kg	-	
	LDLo Dermal	Rabbit	20000 mg/kg	•	
	LDLo Oral	Rat	7000 mg/kg	•	
	TDLo	Rat	363,6 ug/kg	-	
	Intracerebral				
	TDLo	Rat	106 ug/kg	-	
	Intracerebral				
	TDLo	Rat	2,45 g/kg	-	
	Intraperitoneal				
	TDLo	Rat	2 g/kg	-	
	Intraperitoneal				
	TDLo	Rat	1.5 g/kg	-	
	Intraperitoneal				
	TDLo	Rat	1 g/kg	-	
	Intraperitoneal		. 3 . 3		
	TDLo	Rat	0,5 g/kg		
	Intraperitoneal	, , , ,	sto gg		
	TDLo	Rat	0.25 g/kg	_	
		Nat	0.25 g/kg	-	
	Intraperitoneal	Dat	3500 matka		
	TDLo	Rat	3500 mg/kg	•	
	Intraperitoneal	D-1	2000 1		
	TDLo	Rat	3000 mg/kg	-	
	Intraperitoneal	. .	0000 #		
	TDLo	Rat	2800 mg/kg	-	
	Intraperitoneal				
	TDLo	Rat	2700 mg/kg	-	
	Intraperitoneal				
	TDLo	Rat	2500 mg/kg	-	
	Intraperitoneal				
	TDLo	Rat	2000 mg/kg	-	
	Intraperitoneal		5 0		
	TDLo	Rat	1500 mg/kg	-	
	Intraperitoneal				
	TDLo	Rat	1000 mg/kg		
	Intraperitoneal	, , , ,	7000gg		
	TDLo	Rat	500 mg/kg		
	Intraperitoneal	IVO!	500 mg/kg		
	TDLo	Dat	2.4 mg/kg		
		Rat	Z.4 mg/kg	-	
	Intraperitoneal	- .	4.05 "		
	TDLo	Rat	1,25 mg/kg	-	
	Intraperitoneal	_	"		
	TDLo Intravenous		0.5 g/kg	-	
	TDLo Oral	Rat	6.4 g/kg	•	
	TDLo Oral	Rat	6 g/kg	•	
	TDLo Oral	Rat	5,25 g/kg	-	
	TDLo Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-	
	TDLo Oral	Rat	3.9 g/kg	•	
	TDLo Oral	Rat	3 g/kg	•	
	TDLo Oral	Rat	2,5 g/kg	-	
	TDLo Oral	Rat	2 g/kg	-	
	TDLo Oral	Rat	1 g/kg	-	
	TDLo Oral	Rat	0.72 g/kg	-	
	TDLo Oral	Rat	0.5 g/kg	-	

11. Toxicological inform	nation					<u></u>
	TDLo Or	al	Rat	0,4 g/kg		-
	TDLo Or	al	Rat	10 mL/kg	}	-
	TDLo Or	al	Rat	5 mL/kg		•
	TDLo Or	al	Rat	4,8 mL/k	g	-
	TDLo Or	al	Rat	4,57 mL/	kg	-
	TDLo Or	al	Rat	4,44 mL/	kg	-
	TDLo Or	al	Rat	4 mL/kg		•
	TDLo Or	al	Rat	12800 m	g/kg	-
	TDLo Or	al	Rat	8000 mg	/kg	-
	TDLo Or		Rat	6000 mg	/kg	•
	TDLo Or	al	Rat	5250 mg	/kg	•
	TDLo Or		Rat	5000 mg		-
	TDLo Or		Rat	4800 mg	/kg	-
	TDLo Or		Rat	4300 mg	/kg	-
	TDLo Or		Rat	1600 mg	/kg	•
	TDLo Or		Rat	1500 mg		-
	TDLo Or	al	Rat	1000 mg		-
	TDLo		Rat	7900 mg	/kg	-
	Subcutar	neous				
		reported	Rat	3 g/kg		-
	LC50 Inf	nalation	Rat	124700 r	ng/m3	4 hours
	Vapor					
	LC50 I nh Vapor	nalation	Rat	5900 mg	/m3	6 hours
	LC50 Int	alation	Rat	20000 pr	nm	10 hours
Classification	Gas.	ibid#Off	1 141	20000 p	2111	10 110013
Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
Ethanol	A3	-	-	-	-	•

12 Feological information

otoxicity	: No known	significant effects or critica	l hazards.	
Aquatic ecotoxicity				
Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Species	Exposure
Methane, 1,1'-oxybis-	-	Acute LC50 2695 mg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Ethanol	-	Acute EC50 17,921 mg/L Marine water	Algae - Green algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	-	Acute EC50 10000 to 20000 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Green algae - Dunaliella tertiolecta	96 hours
	-	Acute EC50 <10000 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Algae - Heterosigma akashiwo	96 hours
	-	Acute EC50 >100 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - <24 hours	48 hours
	-	Acute EC50 2000 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 5680 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - Neonate - <24 hours	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 13 ml/L Fresh water	Fish - Rainbow trout, donaldson trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss - 0,8 g	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 12720 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - 40 mm	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 14200000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - 30 days - 19,4 mm - 0,099 g	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 13480000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fiedgling, Hatchling, Weanling) - 4 to 8 weeks - 1,1 to 3,1 cm	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 11000000 ug/L Marine water	Fish - Bleak - Alburnus alburnus - 8 to 10 cm	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 10000000 to 11500000 ug/L Marine water	Fish - Bleak - Alburnus alburnus - 8 cm	96 hours

Obtained by Global Safety Management, www.globalsafetynet.com, (877) 683-7460

12. Ecological information

-	Acute LC50 6772000	Daphnia - Water flea -	48 hours
_	ug/L Fresh water Acute LC50 6386000	Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate Daphnia - Water flea -	48 hours
	ug/L Fresh water	Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	40 1100/5
-	Acute LC50 6325000	Daphnia - Water flea -	48 hours
	ug/L Fresh water	Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	
-	Acute LC50 6076000	Daphnia - Water flea -	48 hours
_	ug/L Fresh water Acute LC50 5577000	Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate Daphnia - Water flea -	48 hours
•	ug/L Fresh water	Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	46 100/5
-	Acute LC50 3715000	Daphnia - Water flea -	48 hours
	ug/L Fresh water	Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	
-	Acute LC50 >100000	Fish - Fathead minnow -	96 hours
	ug/L Fresh water	Pimephales prometas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	
		Weanling) - 0,2 to 0,5 q	
-	Acute LC50 42000 ug/L	Fish - Rainbow trout, donaldson	4 days
	Fresh water	trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss	,
-	Acute LC50 25500 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Brine shrimp -	48 hours
_	Chronic NOEC <6,3 g/L	Artemia franchiscana - Larvae Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia	48 hours
	Fresh water	magna	46 Hours
-	Chronic NOEC 4,995	Algae - Green algae - Ulva	96 hours
	mg/L Marine water	pertusa	
-	Chronic NOEC 9600	Algae - Green algae -	96 hours
_	ppm Fresh water Chronic NOEC 350	Dunaliella tertiolecta Algae - Algae - Heterosigma	96 hours
-	ppm Fresh water	akashiwo	30 Hours
	• •		

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any byproducts should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG⁺	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	UN1950	Aerosols	2.1			Packaging instruction Passenger aircraft Quantity limitation: 75 to 75 kg Cargo aircraft Quantity limitation: 150 to 150 kg Special provisions 153, N82
IMDG Class	UN1950	AEROSOLS	2.1	-		Emergency schedules (EmS) F-D, S-U

14. Transport information IATA-DGR Class UN1950 Aerosols, flammable Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: 75 kg Packaging instructions: 203 Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 150 kg Packaging instructions: 203 Limited Quantities -Passenger Aircraft Quantity limitation: 30 kg Packaging instructions: Y203

PG*: Packing group

15. Regulatory information

HCS Classification : Flammable aerosol

Irritating material Target organ effects

U.S. Federal regulations

: FSCA 8(a) IUR: Carbon dioxide

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found. SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found. SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: Methane, 1,1'-oxybis-; Ethanol SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: Methane, 1,1'-oxybis-: Fire hazard, Sudden release of pressure, Immediate (acute) health hazard; Ethanol: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic)

health hazard

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: No products were found. Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: No products were found.

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 accidental release prevention: Methane, 1,1'-oxybis-Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: Methane, 1,1'-oxybis-Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances: No products were found.

Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 : Not listed

Class | Substances

Clean Air Act Section 602 : Not listed

Class II Substances

DEA List! Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)

DEA List II Chemicals

: Not listed

(Essential Chemicals)

: Not listed

State regulations

: Connecticut Carcinogen Reporting: None of the components are listed. Connecticut Hazardous Material Survey: None of the components are listed.

Florida substances: None of the components are listed. Illinois Chemical Safety Act: None of the components are listed.

Illinois Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employee Act: None of the components are

listed.

Louisiana Reporting: None of the components are listed. Louisiana Spill: None of the components are listed. Massachusetts Spill: None of the components are listed.

Massachusetts Substances: The following components are listed: METHYL ETHER;

ETHYL ALCOHOL

Michigan Critical Material: None of the components are listed. Minnesota Hazardous Substances: None of the components are listed.

Regulatory information

New Jersey Hazardous Substances: The following components are listed: DIMETHYL ETHER: METHANE, OXYBIS-: ETHYL ALCOHOL: ALCOHOL

New Jarsey Spill: None of the components are listed

New Jersey Spill: None of the components are listed.

New Jersey Toxic Catastrophe Prevention Act: None of the components are listed.

New York Acutely Hazardous Substances: None of the components are listed.

New York Toxic Chemical Release Reporting: None of the components are listed.

Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances: The following components are listed:

METHANE, OXYBIS-; DENATURED ALCOHOL

Rhode Island Hazardous Substances: None of the components are listed.

United States inventory

(TSCA 8b)

: All components are listed or exempted.

International regulations

International lists

Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted.
 China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory: Not determined. Korea inventory: Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.

Chemical Weapons

Convention List Schedule I

Chemicals

Not listed

Chemical Weapons

Convention List Schedule II

Chemicals

: Not listed

Chemical Weapons

Convention List Schedule

III Chemicals

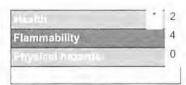
: Not listed

16. Other information

Label requirements

: FCAMMABLE, CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT AND EYE IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION. PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT MAY DRY SKIN AND CAUSE IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Date of issue : 03.04.2012.

Date of previous issue : No previous validation

Version : 2

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

16. Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

03,04.2012.