

Safety Data Sheet

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice (Safe Work Australia, December 2011)

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

30601 Polyether Adhesive - 17 mL Bottle (NA)

Product Identification Numbers 70-2011-0997-5

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Dental Product, Used in impressioning systems.

For Industrial or Professional use only.

Restrictions on use For use by dental professionals only.

1.3. Supplier's details

13
L

1.4. Emergency telephone number EMERGENCY: 1800 097 146 (Australia only)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

This product is classified as a hazardous chemical according to the Model Work Health and Safety Regulations, 2011.

Refer to Section 14 of this Safety Data Sheets for product Dangerous Goods Classification.

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable Liquid: Category 2. Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 3.

2.2. Label elements

The label elements below were prepared in accordance with the Code of Practice on Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals (Safe Work Australia, December 2011). This information may be different from the actual product label.

Signal word

DANGER!

Symbols

Flame | Exclamation mark |

Pictograms



Hazard statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.		
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.		
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.		
Precautionary statements			
Prevention:			
P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking.		
P233	Keep container tightly closed.		
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.		
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.		
P280B	Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.		
P264	Wash thoroughly after handling.		
Response:			
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.		
P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.		
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.		
P337 + P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.		
P312	Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.		
P370 + P378G	In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.		
Storage:			
P403 + P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.		
P403 + P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.		
P405	Store locked up.		
Disposal:			
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.		

2.3. Other assigned/identified product hazards

None known.

2.4. Other hazards which do not result in classification

Causes mild skin irritation. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

This material is a mixture.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	% by Weight
ETHYL ACETATE	141-78-6	25 - 40
Heptane	142-82-5	25 - 40
Acetone	67-64-1	5 - 15
Methylcyclohexane	108-87-2	5 - 10
Formaldehyde, polymer with 1,3-	59633-97-5	0 - 5
benzenediol and 4-(1,1-		
dimethylethyl)phenol		
Polychloroprene	9010-98-4	0 - 5
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	0 - 0.5
Zinc Oxide	1314-13-2	0 - 0.2

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin contact

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye contact

Immediately flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

If swallowed

Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Get immediate medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

<u>Substance</u>

Condition

Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. Irritant vapours or gases. During combustion. During combustion. During combustion.

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture.

Hazchem Code: •3YE

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. WARNING ! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapours in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with detergent and water. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with oxidising agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.)

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidising agents.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
Methylcyclohexane	108-87-2	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours):1610	
			mg/m3(400 ppm)	
Methylcyclohexane	108-87-2	ACGIH	TWA:400 ppm	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	ACGIH	TWA:100 ppm	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours):350	
			mg/m3(100 ppm);STEL(15	
			minutes):1050 mg/m3(300	
			ppm)	

Zinc Oxide	1314-13-2	Australia OELs	TWA(as fume)(8 hours):5	
			mg/m3;TWA(Inspirable	
			dust)(8 hours):10	
			mg/m3;STEL(as fume)(15	
			minutes):10 mg/m3	
Zinc Oxide	1314-13-2	ACGIH	TWA(respirable fraction):2	
			mg/m3;STEL(respirable	
			fraction):10 mg/m3	
ETHYL ACETATE	141-78-6	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours):720	
			mg/m3(200 ppm);STEL(15	
			minutes):1440 mg/m3(400	
			ppm)	
ETHYL ACETATE	141-78-6	ACGIH	TWA:400 ppm	
Heptane	142-82-5	ACGIH	TWA:400 ppm;STEL:500 ppm	
Heptane	142-82-5	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours):1640	
-			mg/m3(400 ppm);STEL(15	
			minutes):2050 mg/m3(500	
			ppm)	
Acetone	67-64-1	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours):1185	
			mg/m3(500 ppm);STEL(15	
			minutes):2375 mg/m3(1000	
			ppm)	
Acetone	67-64-1	ACGIH	TWA:250 ppm;STEL:500 ppm	A4: Not class. as human
				carcin

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

Australia OELs : Australia. Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

Sen: Sensitiser

Sk: Absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure.

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use in a well-ventilated area.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended: Safety glasses with side shields.

Select and use eye protection in accordance with AS/NZS 1336. Eye protection should comply with the performance specifications of AS/NZS 1337.

Skin/hand protection

See Section 7.1 for additional information on skin protection.

Respiratory protection

None required.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties	s
Physical state	Liquid.
Specific Physical Form:	Liquid.
Appearance/Odour	Blue in colour, characteristic solvent odour.
Odour threshold	No data available.
рН	No data available.
Melting point/Freezing point	No data available.
Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range	56.1 °C
Flash point	-1.1 °C [Test Method:Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	Approximately 1 [<i>Ref Std</i> :BUOAC=1]
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Flammable Limits(LEL)	No data available.
Flammable Limits(UEL)	No data available.
Vapour pressure	23,998 Pa
Vapour density	2 - 4 [<i>Ref Std</i> :AIR=1]
Density	No data available.
Relative density	0.8 - 0.9 [<i>Ref Std</i> :WATER=1]
Water solubility	Moderate
Solubility- non-water	No data available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available.
Autoignition temperature	No data available.
Decomposition temperature	No data available.
Viscosity	40,000 mPa-s
Molecular weight	No data available.
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	No data available.
Percent volatile	No data available.
VOC less H2O & exempt solvents	No data available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This material is considered to be non reactive under normal use conditions

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Conditions to avoid Heat. Sparks and/or flames.

10.4. Possibility of hazardous reactions Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

10.5 Incompatible materials Strong acids. Strong oxidising agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Substance None known. **Condition**

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation

Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin contact

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness.

Eye contact

Severe eye irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

Ingestion

Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Central nervous system (CNS) depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000
			mg/kg
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000
			mg/kg
Heptane	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 3,000 mg/kg
Heptane	Inhalation-Vapour (4	Rat	LC50 103 mg/l
	hours)		
Heptane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 15,000 mg/kg
ETHYL ACETATE	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 18,000 mg/kg
ETHYL ACETATE	Inhalation-Vapour (4	Rat	LC50 70.5 mg/l
	hours)		
ETHYL ACETATE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,620 mg/kg
Acetone	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 15,688 mg/kg
Acetone	Inhalation-Vapour (4	Rat	LC50 76 mg/l
	hours)		

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Acetone	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,800 mg/kg
Methylcyclohexane	Inhalation-Vapour (4	Mouse	LC50 26 mg/l
	hours)		
Methylcyclohexane	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 86,700 mg/kg
Methylcyclohexane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 3,200 mg/kg
Polychloroprene	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Polychloroprene	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 20,000 mg/kg
Cyclohexane	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Cyclohexane	Inhalation-Vapour (4	Rat	LC50 > 32.9 mg/l
	hours)		
Cyclohexane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 6,200 mg/kg
Zinc Oxide	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be $> 5,000 \text{ mg/kg}$
Zinc Oxide	Inhalation-Dust/Mist	Rat	LC50 > 5.7 mg/l
	(4 hours)		
Zinc Oxide	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Heptane	Human	Mild irritant
ETHYL ACETATE	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Acetone	Mouse	Minimal irritation
Methylcyclohexane	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Polychloroprene	Human	No significant irritation
Cyclohexane	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Zinc Oxide	Human and animal	No significant irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Heptane	Professional judgement	Moderate irritant
ETHYL ACETATE	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Acetone	Rabbit	Severe irritant
Methylcyclohexane	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Polychloroprene	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
Cyclohexane	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Zinc Oxide	Rabbit	Mild irritant

Skin Sensitisation

Name	Species	Value
ETHYL ACETATE	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing
Zinc Oxide	Guinea pig	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Respiratory Sensitisation

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Heptane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
ETHYL ACETATE	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
ETHYL ACETATE	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Acetone	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Acetone	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not

		sufficient for classification
Cyclohexane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Cyclohexane	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Zinc Oxide	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Zinc Oxide	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Acetone	Not specified.	Multiple animal	Not carcinogenic
		species	
Methylcyclohexane	Inhalation	Multiple animal	Not carcinogenic
		species	

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Acetone	Ingestion	Some positive male reproductive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1,700 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Acetone	Inhalation	Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 5.2 mg/l	during organogenesis
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 24 mg/l	2 generation
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 24 mg/l	2 generation
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 6.9 mg/l	2 generation
Zinc Oxide	Ingestion	Some positive reproductive/develop mental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 125 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure
		Organ(s)				Duration
Heptane	Inhalation	central nervous	May cause	Human	NOAEL Not	
		system	drowsiness or		available	
		depression	dizziness			
Heptane	Inhalation	respiratory	Some positive	Human	NOAEL Not	
_		irritation	data exist, but the		available	
			data are not			
			sufficient for			
			classification			

Heptane	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
ETHYL ACETATE	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
ETHYL ACETATE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
ETHYL ACETATE	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Acetone	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Acetone	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Acetone	Inhalation	immune system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL 1.19 mg/l	6 hours
Acetone	Inhalation	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Guinea pig	NOAEL Not available	
Acetone	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Methylcycloh exane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
Methylcycloh exane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Methylcycloh exane	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Cyclohexane	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Organ(s) Duration	Name	Ro	oute Tar Org	rget Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
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Heptane	Inhalation	liver nervous system kidney and/or bladder	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 12 mg/l	26 weeks
ETHYL ACETATE	Inhalation	endocrine system liver nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 0.043 mg/l	90 days
ETHYL ACETATE	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rabbit	LOAEL 16 mg/l	40 days
ETHYL ACETATE	Ingestion	hematopoietic system liver kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 3,600 mg/kg/day	90 days
Acetone	Dermal	eyes	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Guinea pig	NOAEL Not available	3 weeks
Acetone	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL 3 mg/l	6 weeks
Acetone	Inhalation	immune system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL 1.19 mg/l	6 days
Acetone	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Guinea pig	NOAEL 119 mg/l	not available
Acetone	Inhalation	heart liver	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 45 mg/l	8 weeks
Acetone	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 900 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Acetone	Ingestion	heart	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Acetone	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 200 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Acetone	Ingestion	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 3,896 mg/kg/day	14 days
Acetone	Ingestion	eyes	All data are	Rat	NOAEL 3,400	13 weeks

			negative		mg/kg/day	
Acetone	Ingestion	respiratory	All data are	Rat	NOAEL 2,500	13 weeks
		system	negative		mg/kg/day	
Acetone	Ingestion	muscles	All data are	Rat	NOAEL 2,500	13 weeks
			negative		mg/kg	
Acetone	Ingestion	skin bone,	All data are	Mouse	NOAEL 11,298	13 weeks
		teeth, nails,	negative		mg/kg/day	
	T 1 1 /	and/or hair			NOAFL 1 (10 4
Methylcycloh	Inhalation	kidney and/or	Some positive	Rat	NOAEL 1.6	12 months
exalle		bladdel	data are not		mg/1	
			sufficient for			
			classification			
Methylcycloh	Inhalation	liver	Some positive	Rabbit	NOAEL 12 mg/l	10 weeks
exane			data exist, but the		0	
			data are not			
			sufficient for			
			classification			
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	liver	Some positive	Rat	NOAEL 24 mg/l	90 days
			data exist, but the			
			data are not			
			sufficient for			
Cyclobevane	Inhalation	auditory system	Some positive	Pat	NOAEL 17	00 dave
Cyclollexalle	maiation	auditory system	data exist but the	Kai	mg/l	90 days
			data are not		B, 1	
			sufficient for			
			classification			
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	kidney and/or	Some positive	Rabbit	NOAEL 2.7	10 weeks
		bladder	data exist, but the		mg/l	
			data are not			
			sufficient for			
Contationers	Inholotion	h ann at an a i at i a	Classification	Manaa	NOAEL 24 mg/l	14
Cyclonexane	Innalation	system	data exist but the	Mouse	NOAEL 24 mg/1	14 weeks
		system	data are not			
			sufficient for			
			classification			
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	peripheral	All data are	Rat	NOAEL 8.6	30 weeks
5		nervous system	negative		mg/l	
Zinc Oxide	Ingestion	nervous system	Some positive	Rat	NOAEL 600	10 days
			data exist, but the		mg/kg/day	
			data are not			
			sufficient for			
7	Turnet		classification	0.1	NOATL 700	Concert
Zinc Oxide	Ingestion	endocrine	Some positive	Other	NOAEL 500	6 months
		bematopoietic	data are not		mg/kg/day	
		system kidney	sufficient for			
		and/or bladder	classification			

Aspiration Hazard

Name	Value
Heptane	Aspiration hazard
Methylcyclohexane	Aspiration hazard
Cyclohexane	Aspiration hazard

Exposure Levels

Refer Section 8.1 Control Parameters of this Safety Data Sheet.

Interactive Effects

Not determined.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. Additional information leading to material classification in Section 2 is available upon request. In addition, environmental fate and effects data on ingredients may not be reflected in this section because an ingredient is present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient is not expected to be available for exposure, or the data is considered not relevant to the material as a whole.

12.1. Toxicity

Acute aquatic hazard:

GHS Acute 2: Toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic hazard:

GHS Chronic 2: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

No product test data available.

Material	CAS Number	Organism	Туре	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
ETHYL	141-78-6	Crustacea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	164 mg/l
ACETATE			_			
ETHYL	141-78-6	Fish	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	212.5 mg/l
ACETATE						
ETHYL	141-78-6	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	2,500 mg/l
ACETATE						
ETHYL	141-78-6	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	2.4 mg/l
ACETATE						
ETHYL	141-78-6	Crustacea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	164 mg/l
ACETATE						
Zinc Oxide	1314-13-2	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	0.021 mg/l
Zinc Oxide	1314-13-2	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	0.046 mg/l
Zinc Oxide	1314-13-2	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	3.2 mg/l
Zinc Oxide	1314-13-2	Chinook	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	0.23 mg/l
		Salmon				
Heptane	142-82-5		Data not			
			available or			
			insufficient for			
			classification			
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	3.4 mg/l
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Fathead	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	4.53 mg/l
		minnow				
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	0.9 mg/l
Acetone	67-64-1	Green Algae	Experimental	96 hours	EC50	2,574 mg/l
Acetone	67-64-1	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	5,540 mg/l
Acetone	67-64-1	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	13,500 mg/l
Methylcyclohe	108-87-2	Green algae	Laboratory	72 hours	EC50	0.34 mg/l
xane						
Methylcyclohe	108-87-2	Ricefish	Laboratory	96 hours	LC50	2.1 mg/l
xane						
Methylcyclohe	108-87-2	Water flea	Laboratory	48 hours	EC50	0.33 mg/l
xane						

Methylcyclohe xane	108-87-2	Green algae	Laboratory	72 hours	NOEC	0.067 mg/l
Methylcyclohe xane	108-87-2	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	0.33 mg/l
Methylcyclohe xane	108-87-2	Ricefish	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	2.1 mg/l
Methylcyclohe xane	108-87-2	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	0.34 mg/l
Methylcyclohe xane	108-87-2	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	0.067 mg/l
Polychloropren e	9010-98-4		Data not available or insufficient for classification			
Formaldehyde, polymer with 1,3- benzenediol and 4-(1,1- dimethylethyl) phenol	59633-97-5		Data not available or insufficient for classification			

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Methylcyclohe	108-87-2	Laboratory		Photolytic half-	3 days (t 1/2)	Other methods
xane		Photolysis		life (in air)		
Methylcyclohe	108-87-2	Laboratory	28 days	BOD	0 % weight	OECD 301D - Closed
xane		Biodegradation				bottle test
Methylcyclohe	108-87-2	Experimental		Photolytic half-	3 days (t 1/2)	Other methods
xane		Photolysis		life (in air)		
Methylcyclohe	108-87-2	Experimental	28 days	BOD	0 % weight	OECD 301D - Closed
xane		Biodegradation				bottle test
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Experimental		Photolytic half-	4.14 days (t	Other methods
		Photolysis		life (in air)	1/2)	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Experimental	28 days	BOD	77 % weight	OECD 301F -
		Biodegradation				Manometric
						respirometry
Zinc Oxide	1314-13-2	Data not	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		available or				
		insufficient for				
		classification				
ETHYL	141-78-6	Experimental		Photolytic half-	20.0 days (t	Other methods
ACETATE		Photolysis		life (in air)	1/2)	
ETHYL	141-78-6	Experimental	14 days	BOD	66 % weight	OECD 301C - MITI
ACETATE		Biodegradation				test (I)
Heptane	142-82-5	Experimental		Photolytic half-	4.24 days (t	Other methods
		Photolysis		life (in air)	1/2)	
Heptane	142-82-5	Experimental	28 days	BOD	101 % weight	OECD 301C - MITI
_		Biodegradation	-		_	test (I)
Formaldehyde,	59633-97-5	Data not	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
polymer with		available or				
1,3-		insufficient for				
benzenediol		classification				

and 4-(1,1- dimethylethyl) phenol						
Acetone	67-64-1	Estimated Photolysis		Photolytic half- life (in air)	80 days (t 1/2)	Other methods
Acetone	67-64-1	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half- life (in air)	146.5 days (t 1/2)	Other methods
Acetone	67-64-1	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	96 % weight	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
Polychloropren e	9010-98-4	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Methylcyclohe	108-87-2	Laboratory	56 days	Bioaccumulatio	321	OECD 305E -
xane		BCF - Other		n factor		Bioaccumulation flow-
						through fish test
Methylcyclohe	108-87-2	Experimental	56 days	Bioaccumulatio	321	OECD 305E -
xane		BCF-Carp		n factor		Bioaccumulation flow-
						through fish test
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Experimental	56 days	Bioaccumulatio	<129	Other methods
		BCF-Carp		n factor		
Zinc Oxide	1314-13-2	Experimental	56 days	Bioaccumulatio	<217	OECD 305E -
		BCF - Other		n factor		Bioaccumulation flow-
						through fish test
ETHYL	141-78-6	Experimental		Log Kow	0.73	Other methods
ACETATE		Bioaccumulatio				
		n				
ETHYL	141-78-6	Experimental	96 hours	Bioaccumulatio	30	Other methods
ACETATE		BCF - Other		n factor		
Heptane	142-82-5	Modeled BCF -		Bioaccumulatio	107	Estimated:
_		Other		n factor		Bioconcentration factor
Heptane	142-82-5	Estimated BCF		Bioaccumulatio	107	Estimated:
		- Other		n factor		Bioconcentration factor
Formaldehyde,	59633-97-5	Data not	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
polymer with		available or				
1,3-		insufficient for				
benzenediol		classification				
and 4-(1,1-						
dimethylethyl)						
phenol						
Acetone	67-64-1	Experimental		Bioaccumulatio	0.65	Other methods
		BCF - Other		n factor		
Polychloropren	9010-98-4	Data not	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
e		available or				
		insufficient for				
		classification				

12.4. Mobility in soil Please contact manufacturer for more details

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG) - Road/Rail Transport UN No.: UN1133 Proper shipping name: ADHESIVES Class/Division: 3 Sub Risk: Not applicable. Packing Group: II Special Instructions: Excepted quantity may apply Hazchem Code: •3YE IERG: 14

International Air Transport Association (IATA) - Air Transport UN No.: UN1133 Proper shipping name: ADHESIVES Class/Division: 3 Sub Risk: Not applicable. Packing Group: II Special Instructions: Excepted Quantity may apply

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)- Marine Transport UN No.: UN1133 Proper shipping name: ADHESIVES Class/Division: 3 Sub Risk: Not applicable. Packing Group: II Marine Pollutant: Not applicable. Special Instructions: Excepted Quantity may apply

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Australian Inventory Status:

The chemical components contained within this product are listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances and are in compliance with the requirements of the Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act 1989 as amended.

Poison Schedule: This product has not been assessed for poisons scheduling as the product is intended for industrial and professional use only.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision information:

Conversion to GHS format SDS.

30601 Polyether Adhesive - 17 mL Bottle (NA)

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Safety Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications. Greenguard ® is a United States based program. The 'Low VOC' reference related to United States Federal and State regulations exemptions for some solvents.

3M Australia SDSs are available at www.3m.com.au